

# Math That Blooms (Forever)!!

Gregory Oles  
Nancy Van Cleave

Mathematics and Computer Science Department  
Eastern Illinois University

March 5, 2012

WELCOME!



- ▶ Dr. Van Cleave: A Little About Me
- ▶ Emergent Behavior
- ▶ Fractals
- ▶ Hexagons
- ▶ Natural Phenomenon
- ▶ Complex Systems and Chaos

# The Farm Where I Grew Up



# In The Middle Of Five Kids



# Graduated From Arcola HS



## Arcola High School

# Graduated From EIU — Teacher Cert: Math And Art



# Taught At Hutsonville



# Returned to EIU For An MA in Math



# MS and PhD in Computer Science from UK



# Visiting Position At Williams College in MA



# Then to Texas Tech University



# A Tribal & Community College in Minnesota



# And Back To EIU



# I've Gotten to Travel: England & France



# Puerto Rico & Belgium



# Switzerland & Alaska



# Mexico & Italy



Never limit yourself by  
Thinking you **can't** do something!  
You'll never know unless you **try**.

# Emergent Behavior

- ▶ A complex system can give rise to **emergent behavior**.
- ▶ **Emergence** is the way **patterns** arise out of relatively simple interactions.
- ▶ An **emergent behavior** or **property** can appear when a number of simple entities operate in an environment, forming more **complex behaviors** as a **collective**.

## For Example: Termites

- ▶ Complex social systems may exhibit behaviors that are **emergent**.
- ▶ The mound building of termites is a property that emerges from the collection of termites.



# Termite Mounds



In Australia and Africa — can reach over 30 feet in height.

# And Then There Are the Ants...

First you see one...



Then a few more...



Then the deluge!



# 10 Tons of Concrete and 40 Tons of Dirt Later...

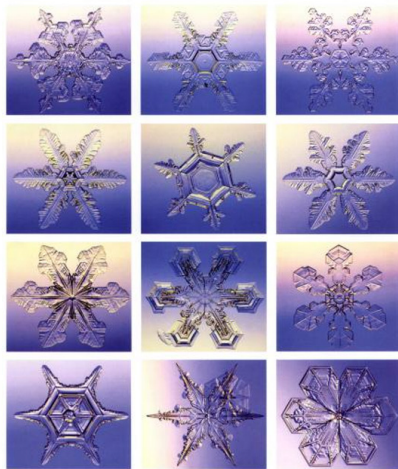
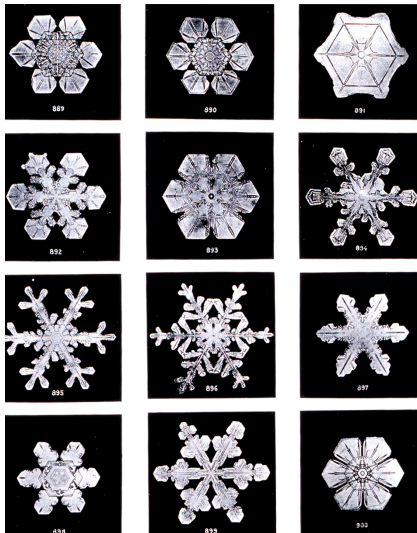


Fungi Farms and Refuse Bins  $\Rightarrow$  Air Circulation

# Natural Phenomenon: Ice Crystals

**Water crystals** forming on glass  
is an emergent natural process — a  
**high level of organizational structure**  
crafted directly by the  
**random motion**  
of water molecules.

# Nature: Snowflakes



# Fractal

a geometric figure consisting of an  
identical pattern  
which repeats on an ever-reducing scale.

Fractals are everywhere in nature

# Fractals in Nature: *chou Romanesco*

Fractal forms are complex shapes which look more or less the same at a wide variety of scale factors.



# Diving Into Veggies



# Look Closely — The Pattern Repeats!



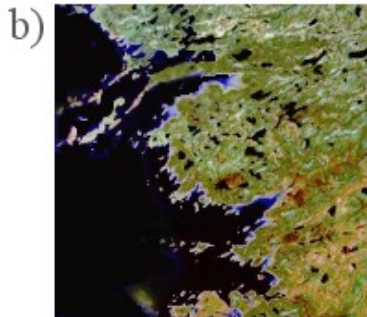
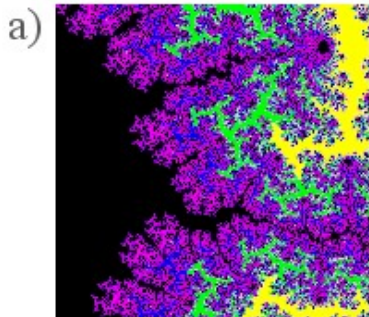
# Nature: Frost



# Fractal: Frost



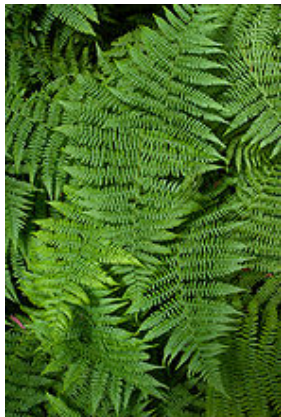
# Synthesizing Nature: Coastlines



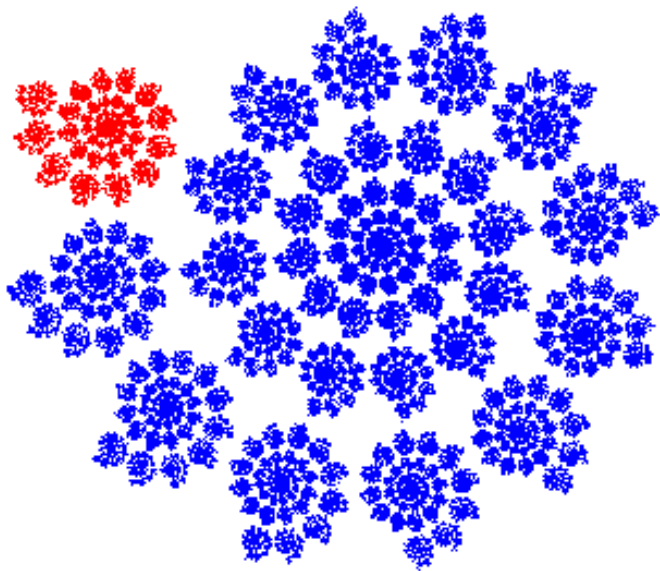
a) Part of the Mandelbrot set.

b) Part of the North American coastline near Hudson Bay.

# Ferns



# A Spiral of Spirals of Spirals. . .



# Chaos and Hexagons

The most interesting stable patterns appear  
right at the edge of chaos...

...a honeycomb arrangement of **hexagons**.

John Gribbin  
Deep Simplicity

# Hexagons Are Everywhere!



# Hexagons Appear in Unexpected Places



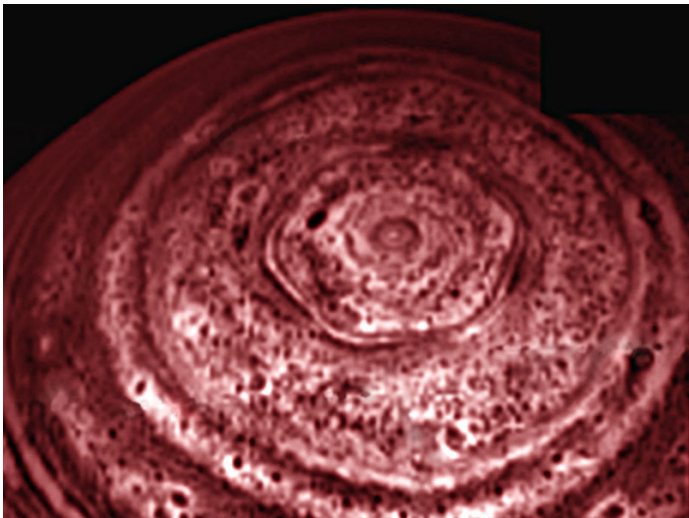
## Giant's Causeway, Ireland

About 40,000 interlocking basalt columns,  
the result of an ancient volcanic eruption.

# Fingal's Cave, Scotland



# Even in Space!



A hexagonal "feature" around Saturn's North Pole

# Creating a Hexagon in Fluid (Aliens Not Included)



Similar effect with buckets of water

A pentagonal "hole" in the center of water swirling against the edge of a rotating bucket.

A **hexagon** appears when the bucket is spun at a higher speed.

# Hexagons We Can Eat...



(More emergent behavior)

# Some of Us Sport Our Own!



# Hexagons in the Home

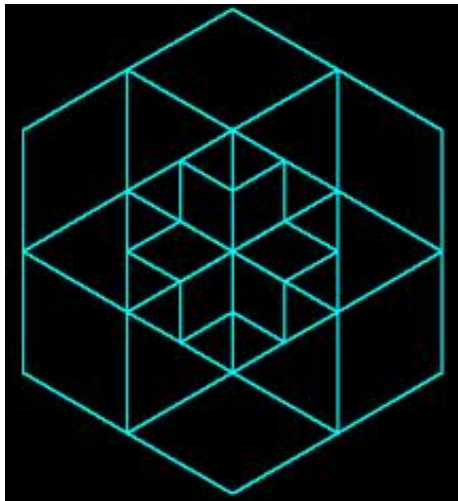


Crochet Pattern



Crochet Colorfully Combined,  
Tiling the Plane

# Quilt Block Patterns



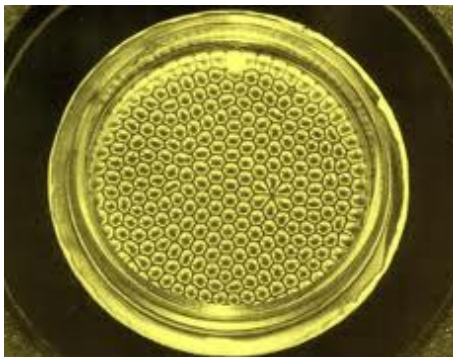
# Hexagons in the Kitchen



## **Bénard Convection**

Starting to form . . .

# Even More Pronounced



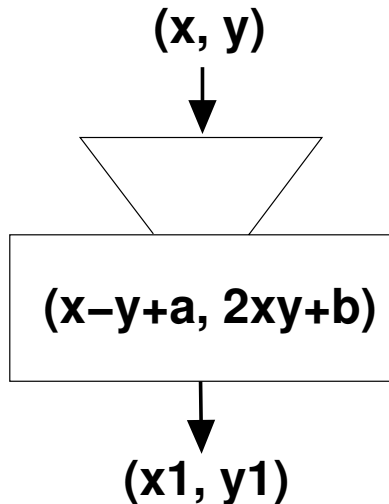
## **Bénard Convection**

One can observe the formation of Bénard cells by heating a thin layer of oil in a pan.

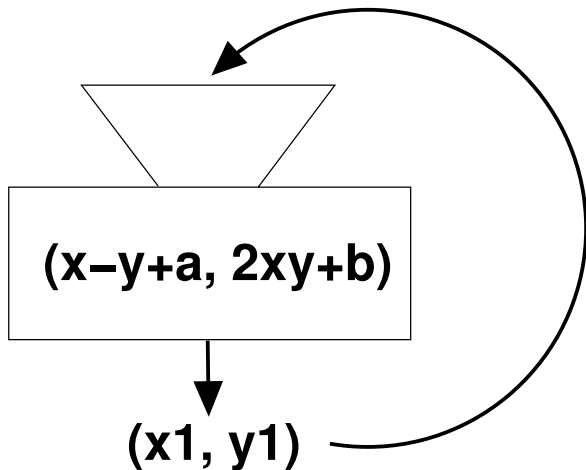
## Julia Set

Map  $(x, y)$  coordinates in the plane using the following formula repeatedly:

$$F_{a,b}(x, y) = (x^2 - y^2 + a, 2xy + b).$$

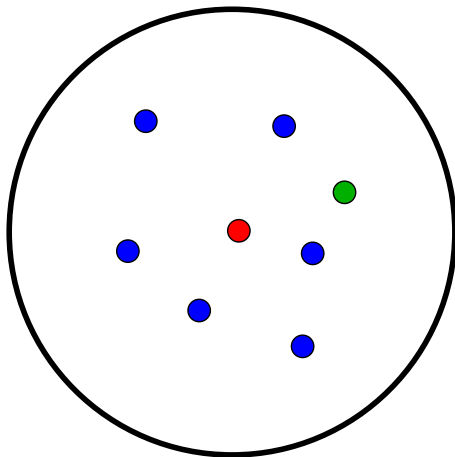


## Then Process The Output



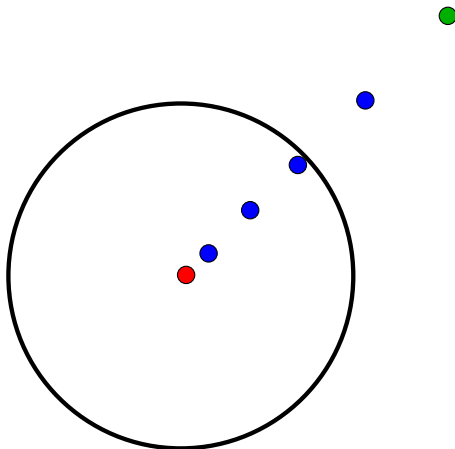
# The Points May Be Trapped

Close to where they start...



# Or They May Escape

And move away from the original point. . .

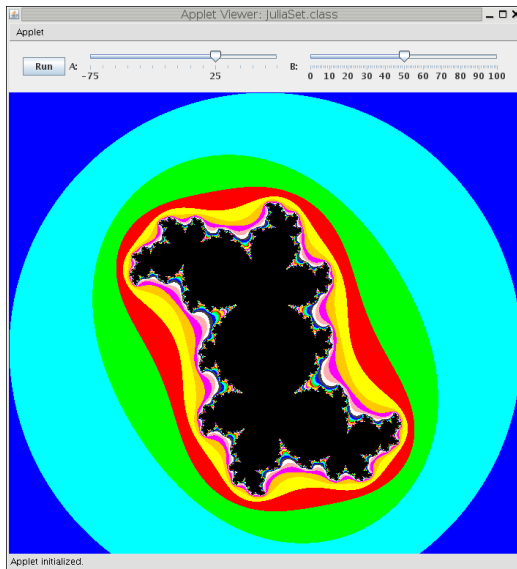


# Give The Final Point A Color!

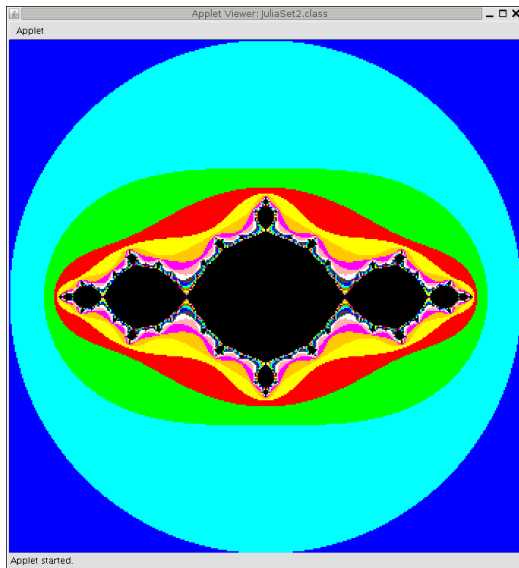
Those that stay close to home, we can color black.

Those that escape, we can color according to how many iterations it takes to get outside the threshold circle.

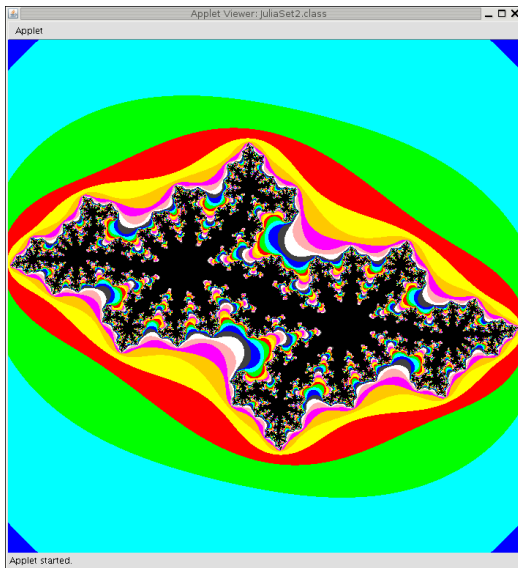
# Julia Set Examples — From CS I



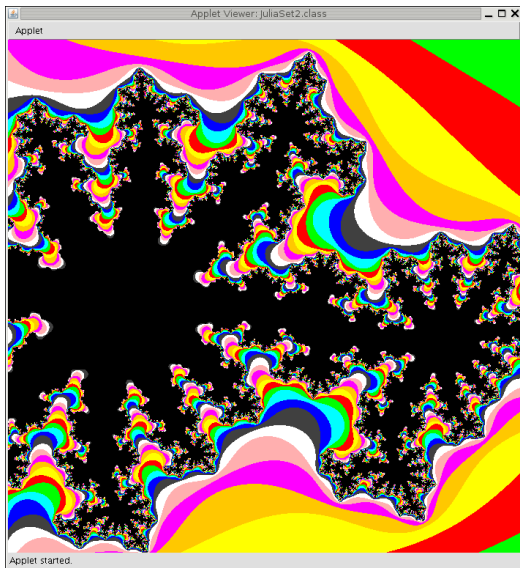
# Turtles All The Way Down



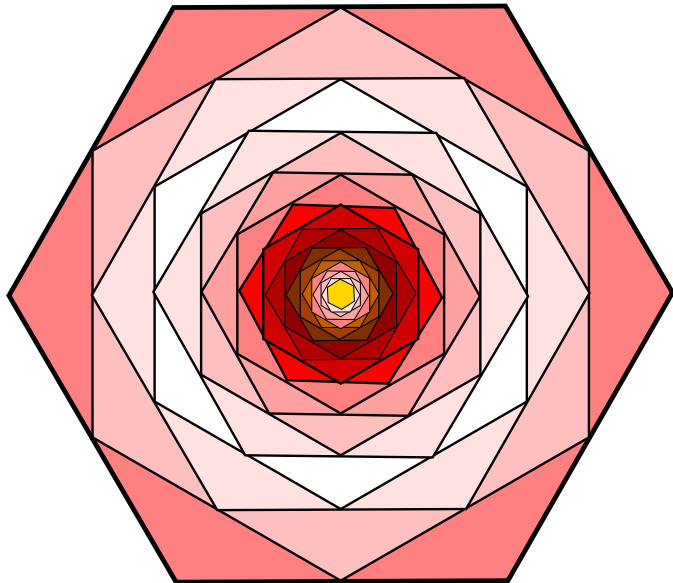
# Another Set Of Values For a And b



# Zooming In



# Another Fractal Pattern From Hexagons



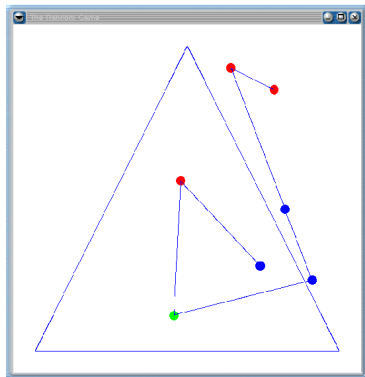
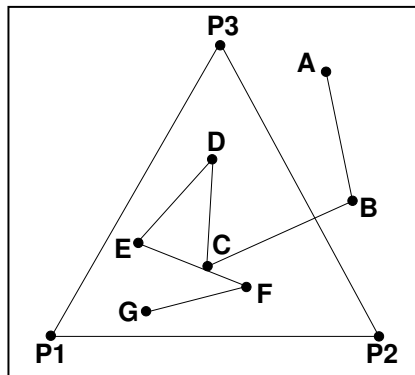
# Complex Systems and Chaos

- ▶ A **complex system**: **interconnected parts** that **as a whole** exhibit properties not obvious from the **individual's** properties.
- ▶ One type of complex, dynamical system: **chaotic system**  
From chaos sometimes comes order!
- ▶ Simple Rule(s)  $\Rightarrow$  Complex Result.

# Sierpinski Gasket – also from CS I

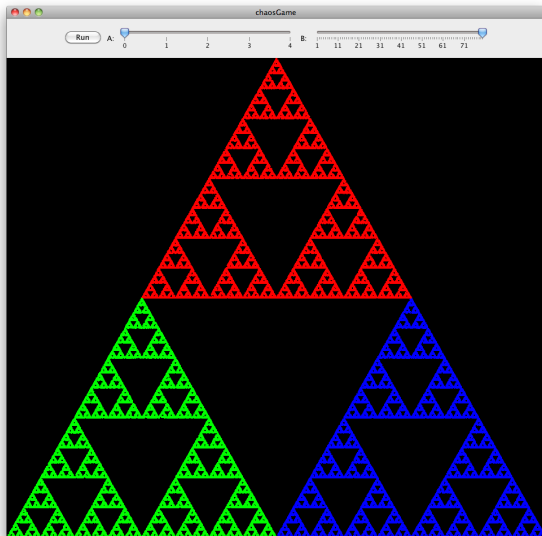
## The Chaos Game

Rule: Randomly pick a vertex and move halfway toward it.



Color the new point according to which vertex was chosen.

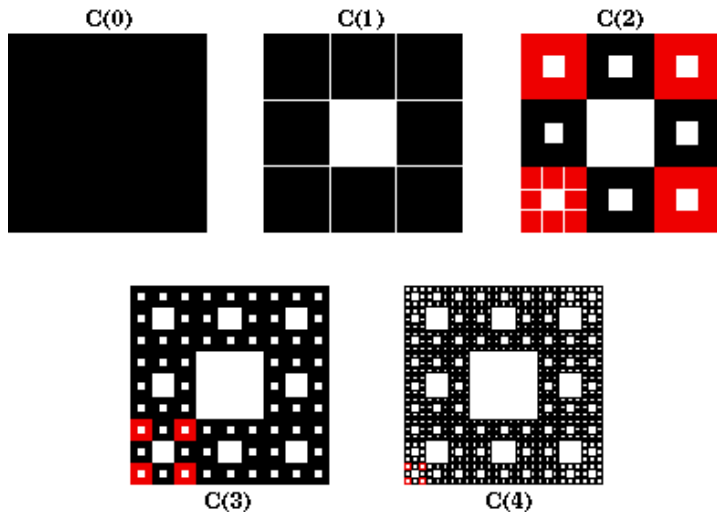
# The Result:



# Crochet: Sierpinski Pattern

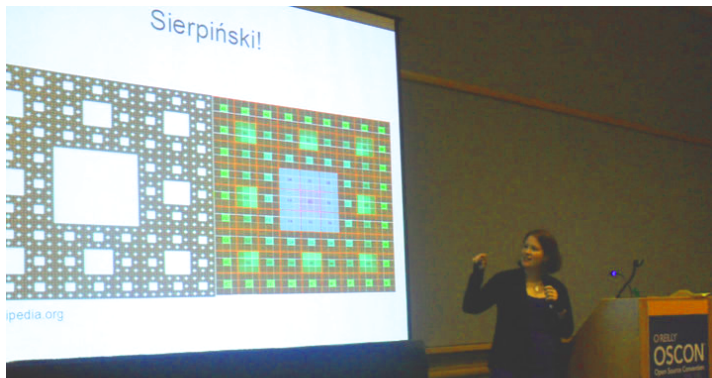


# Sierpinski Carpet

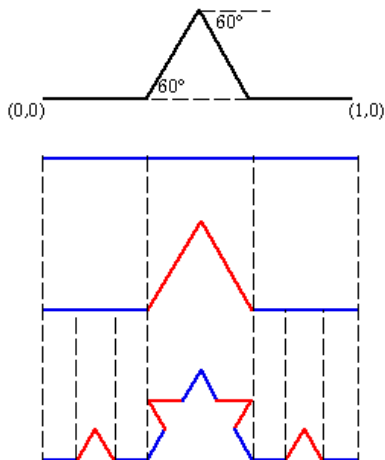


Rule: Subdivide square into  $3 \times 3$  squares, remove middle; Repeat.

# Sierpinski Carpet — and Quilt (OSCON, Australia)

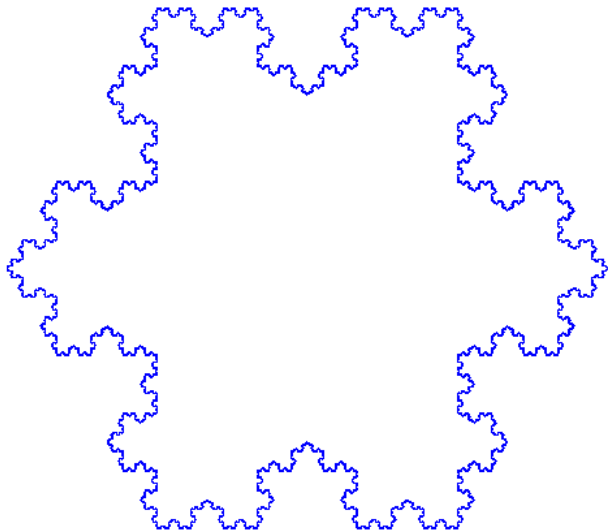


# The Koch Snowflake

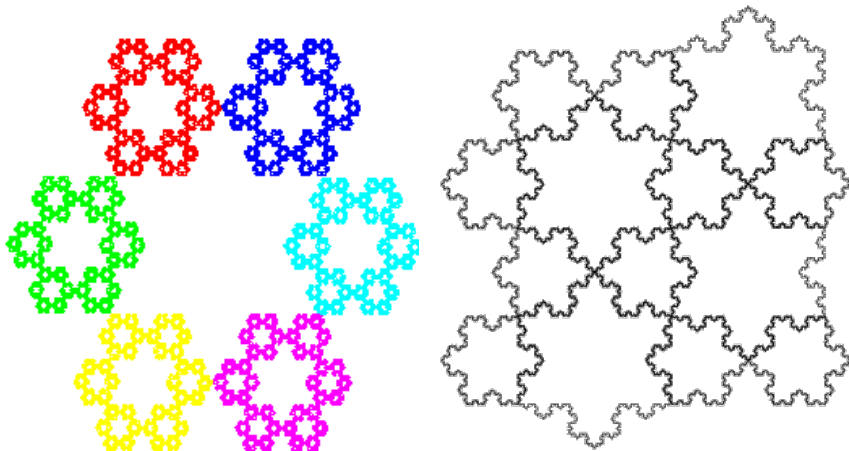


Simple Rule: Replace the middle third of each line segment with 2 sides of an equilateral triangle.

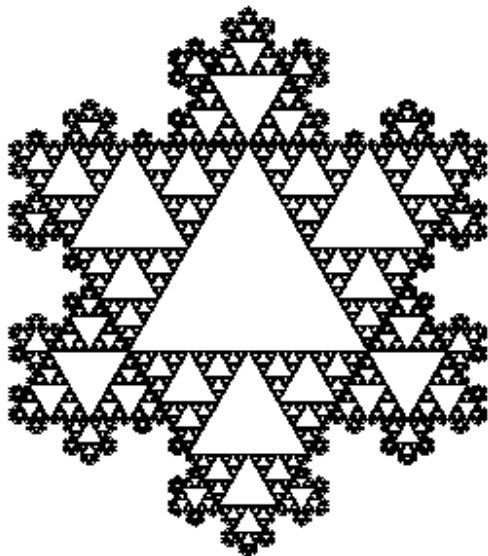
# The Koch Snowflake – Starting from a Triangle



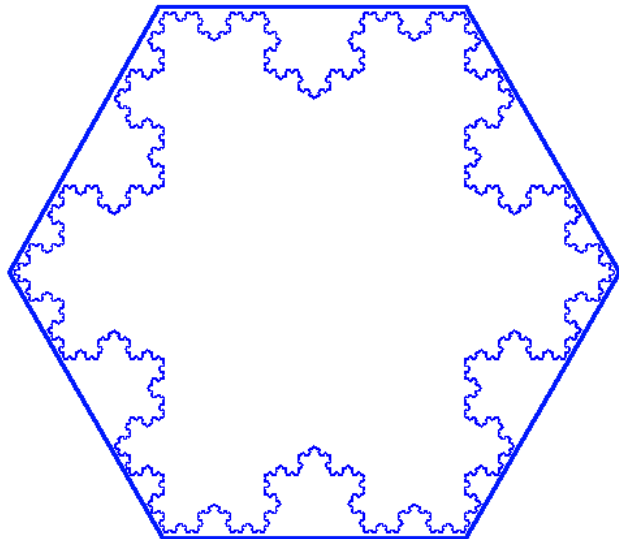
# Koch Snowflake Tilings...



# Back to the Sierpinski Triangle!



But wait! It Forms Another Hexagon!



**Thank You!**

**Any Questions?**