1. Show the order in which a depth-first search would visit each vertex and edge in the following graph by drawing the search trees (with all edges of G shown — tree edges solid, other edges dotted), and the vertices numbered in order visited. Start with node q, and use alphabetical ordering to choose which node to process next when there is more than one from which to choose.



2. Repeat the previous exercise for breadth-first search.

3. Give the depth-first search tree, as described above, for the following graph:



4. Repeat the previous exercise for breadth–first search.

5. A vertex u of a directed graph can end up in a depth-first search tree containing only u, even though u has both incoming and outgoing edges in G. Draw such a graph and explain how this can happen.