

2013 Academic Challenge

BIOLOGY TEST - REGIONAL

This Test Consists of 50 Questions

Biology Test Production Team

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GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Please read the following instructions carefully. This is a timed test; any instructions from the test supervisor should be followed promptly.

The test supervisor will give instructions for filling in any necessary information on the answer sheet. Most Academic Challenge sites will ask you to indicate your answer to each question by marking an oval that corresponds to the correct answer for that question. Only one oval should be marked to answer each question. Multiple ovals will automatically be graded as incorrect answers.

Be sure ovals are marked as \bullet , not \bullet , \bigcirc , etc.

If you wish to change an answer, erase your first mark completely before marking your new choice.

You are advised to use your time effectively and to work as rapidly as you can without losing accuracy. Do not waste your time on questions that seem too difficult for you. Go on to the other questions, and then come back to the difficult ones later if time remains.

*** TIME: 40 MINUTES ***

DO NOT OPEN TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO!

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WYSE – Academic Challenge Biology Test (Regional) – 2013

1.	The more acidic a substance is the greater the concentration of			
	 a. water – H₂O b. hydrogen ions – H⁺ c. hydroxide ions – OH⁻ d. salt – NaCl e. carbon - C 			
2.	Which of the following organs is not part of the excretory system? a. ureters b. urethra c. urinary bladder d. small intestine e. kidney			
3.	Tropical rain forests are important biomes. Which of the following is not a characteristic or a tropical rain forest? a. have a wet and dry season b. precipitation comes from the transpiration of trees c. very diverse groups of plant and animal life d. nutrient poor soil e. has a layering of trees or vegetation			
4.	The cuticle of a leaf a. is the area where most photosynthesis takes place b. absorbs water c. keeps water from evaporating d. makes tissues like xylem e. allows for gas exchange			
5.	Which of the following cell parts is not found in bacterial cells? a. capsules b. cell walls c. cytoplasm d. ribosomes e. nucleus			
6.	Waxes, triglycerides, and oils are examples of a. inorganic molecules b. carbohydrates c. hydrophilic molecules d. lipids e. nucleic acids			
7.	A bat's wing and a dolphin's flipper are examples of structures. a. homoplastic b. vestigial c. homologous d. hemizygous e. analogous			

8.	a. Gregor Mendel b. Alfred Wallace c. Robert Hooke d. James Watson e. Louis Pasteur
9.	If a colorblind man marries a colorblind woman, what are the chances that their female children will be colorblind? a. 0%
	a. 0%b. 25%c. 50%d. 75%e. 100%
10.	In RNA, complementary base pairing occurs between adenine and
	a. thymine
	b. guaninec. cytosine
	d. uracil
	e. none of the above
11.	In plants, photosynthesis occurs in the
	a. chloroplastb. cell wall
	c. mitochondria
	d. cristae
	e. central vacuole
12.	Which of the following statements is correct?
	 a. Plant cells reproduce asexually through a process known as binary fission b. During cytokinesis, cleavage furrows are associated with animal cells c. Prokaryotic cells have many membrane bound organelles. d. Both b and c are correct. e. All of the above are correct.
13.	Special cells called are stinging cells in jellyfish.
	a. choanocytes
	b. gland cellsc. colloblasts
	d. flame cells
	e. nematocysts
14.	Which of the following is true?
	a. Gel electrophoresis can separate molecules such as DNA and proteins according to
	size and charge. b. RFLP is an abbreviation for restriction fragment length polymorphism.
	c. PCR techniques amplify DNA.
	d. cDNA has only exons present.e. All of the above.

15.	Which of the following is the least income. a. Family b. Phylum c. Class d. Genus e. Order	lusive taxonom	nic category?
16.	An atom with three valence electrons its shell. a. 5 b. 4 c. 3 d. 2 e. 1	needs an add	itional electron(s) in order to fill
17.	Which of the following is part of an analogous proteins b. phospholipids c. cholesterol d. glycolipids e. All of the above are part of an anilogous part of anilogous part of anilogous part of anilogous part of anilogou	·	
18.	Match the animals in Column A with	the Class that	they belong to in Column B .
10.	Column A 1. Dolphin 2. Sea turtle 3. Frogs 4. Spiders 5. Beetles	Column B i. Mammalii ii. Reptilia iii. Insecta iv. Amphibia v. Arachnida	
	Select the correct matching seque	nce.	
	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	4 – iii: 5	– v
19.	Which of the following statements is r	ot true?	
	 a. Carbon – 12 and carbon – 14 hav b. Carbon – 14 is just as stable of ar c. Carbon – 14 is an isotope of carbo d. Carbon – 14 has more neutrons the e. The atomic number of carbon – 12 	n element as ca on – 12. nan carbon – 1	arbon – 12. 2.
20.	Cyanobacteria, algae, and ferns are e	examples of	<u></u> .
	a. consumersb. saprobesc. decomposersd. producerse. scavengers		

21.	Which organism is not matched with the domain in which it belongs?
	 a. Eukarya – dog b. Archaea – E. coli c. Bacteria – Staphylococcus aureus d. Eukarya – oak tree e. Eukarya – mushroom
22.	What are all the possible gametes for the following: AaBb?
	a. AB and abb. Aa and Bbc. AB, Ab, aB, and abd. Ab, aa, BB, and aBe. AA, aa, BB, and bb
23.	will be found in some plant cells, while will be found in animal cells.
	 a. Centrioles; chloroplasts b. Plastids; chloroplasts c. Chloroplasts; centrioles d. Centrioles; plastids e. Chloroplasts; cell walls
24.	The building blocks of proteins are
	a. amino acids
	b. nucleotidesc. monosaccharides
	d. fatty acids e. alcohols
25.	Fossils are
	 a. evidence for evolution b. only formed from bones and teeth c. easily formed by most organisms d. used by forensic biologists e. All of the above are true.
26.	Some characteristics of include: fibrous root system, flower parts in multiples of threes, and one cotyledon.
	a. dicots
	b. gymnosperms c. ferns
	d. monocots e. mosses
27.	Grass → Sheep → Coyote Which association is incorrect using the above food chain?
	a. sheep – 2 nd trophic level
	b. coyote – primary consumerc. grass – producer
	d. sheep – herbivore
	e. grass – autotroph

28.	The expected phenotype ratio for a monohybrid cross is			
	a. 9: 3: 3: 1 b. 1: 1: 1: 1 c. 2: 2: 1 d. 1: 2: 1 e. 3: 1			
29.	A DNA nucleotide would have			
	 a. phosphate – deoxyribose – uracil b. phosphate – ribose – uracil c. phosphate – deoxyribose – thymine d. phosphate – ribose – thymine e. phosphate – deoxyribose – ribose 			
30.	Dialysis is the			
	 a. process of digestion b. movement of solutes across a selectively permeable membrane c. same as pinocytosis d. process of moving substances from areas of low concentration to high concentration e. Both b and d are correct. 			
31.	The viceroy butterfly and the monarch butterfly resemble each other, this is an example of			
	 a. cryptic coloration b. mechanical defenses c. mimicry d. blending into their environment e. None of the above. 			
32.	Which cell part is not matched with its function?			
	 a. ribosome – protein synthesis b. centrioles – stores extra water c. contractile vacuoles – rid extra water d. nucleus – control center e. mitochondria – makes ATP 			
33.	Coral, jellyfish, and hydra are in Phylum			
	a. Arthropodab. Annelidac. Molluscad. Cnidariane. Ctneophora			
34.	The final electron acceptor in aerobic respiration is			
	 a. carbonate b. nitrate c. oxygen d. glucose e. pyruvate 			

35.	During the	stage of m	itosis, chror	mosom	nes will line up at the cell's equator.
	a. interphaseb. metaphasec. cytokinesisd. telophasee. prophase				
36.	Which is not an	example of	an organic	molec	cule?
	a. CO_2 b. CH_4 c. C_2H_4 d. C_2NH_7 e. $C_6H_{12}O_6$				
37.	Match the enzyr	mes in Col u	ımn A with	the foo	od it will digest in Column B.
	Column A 1. pepsin 2. amylase 3. lipase 4. trypsin			i. ii.	
S	Select the correc	_	•		
	a. 1 – iii; 2 b. 1 – i; 2 c. 1 – i; 2 d. 1 – i; 2 e. 1 – ii; 2	! — ii; ! — ii; ! — iii; ! — ii; ! — i;	3 – iii; 3 – iii; 3 – ii; 3 – i; 3 – iii;	4 - i 4 - i 4 - i 4 - iii 4 - ii	
38.	An isotonic solu	tion would _	•		
		er concentra ater inside to essure to pla	ation of wat the solution ant cells	er insie than i	de and outside the cell de the cell than outside the cell nside the cell
39.	cleave DN	IA at specifi	c sequence	sites f	for recombinant DNA research.
	a. Polymeraseb. Ligasec. Centriolesd. Restriction ee. None of the	enzymes			
40.	If chlorine has 17 electrons and 18 neutrons, which of the following is true?				
	a. It has 2 valeb. It has an atoc. It has an atod. Both b and o	omic numbe omic weight	r of 17. of 35.		

e. All of the above are correct.

41.	A hypothesis
	a. should be stated so it can be proven trueb. is the same as a prediction
	c. must have a control group
	d. is the same as a scientific law
	e. should be stated so it can be falsified
42.	Which of the following best describes genotype?
	a. the outward appearance of an organism
	b. changes in the DNAc. the pairs of genes an organism has
	d. the crossover rate
	e. pink flowers
43.	The stage of plants is haploid.
	a. sporophyte
	b. zygote c. seed
	d. embryo
	e. gametophyte
44.	Which of the following is not correctly matched?
	a. WHO – Whole Health Organization
	b. CDC –Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
	c. EID – emerging infectious diseased. MRSA – methicillin-resistant <i>S. aureus</i>
	e. HIV – human immunodeficiency virus
45.	Blood does not usually contain
	a. plasma
	b. white blood cells
	c. bacteria d. platelets
	e. red blood cells
46.	picks up the code from DNA.
	a. mRNA
	b. tRNA c. rRNA
	c. rRNA d. snRNA
	e. miRNA
47.	Plant roots have a protective layer called the
	a. meristematic region
	b. elongation stage
	c. mitotic area d. root cap
	e. maturation region

48.	Enzymes are			
	a. used up during a chemical reaction			
	o. protein catalysts			
	c. used in only a few chemical reactions d. found only in eukaryotes			
	e. not affected by pH changes			
49.	In guinea pigs, short hair (H) is dominant to long hair (h). If a long haired female was mated to a short haired male and the litter had both short and long haired offspring, then the genotype of the male would be			
	a. HH			
	o. hh			
	c. Hh			
	d. either a or c			
	e. none of the above			
50.	Estuaries are			
	a. aquatic ecosystems where fresh water and salt water meet b. transitional wetlands between prairies and rivers c. nutrient poor			
	d. stable environments without changes in salinitye. found between the shoreline of low and high tide			