

2014 Academic Challenge

BIOLOGY TEST - SECTIONAL

This Test Consists of 50 Questions

Biology Test Production Team

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GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Please read the following instructions carefully. This is a timed test; any instructions from the test supervisor should be followed promptly.

The test supervisor will give instructions for filling in any necessary information on the answer sheet. Most Academic Challenge sites will ask you to indicate your answer to each question by marking an oval that corresponds to the correct answer for that question. Only one oval should be marked to answer each question. Multiple ovals will automatically be graded as incorrect answers.

Be sure ovals are marked as \bullet , not \bullet , \bigcirc , etc.

If you wish to change an answer, erase your first mark completely before marking your new choice.

You are advised to use your time effectively and to work as rapidly as you can without losing accuracy. Do not waste your time on questions that seem too difficult for you. Go on to the other questions, and then come back to the difficult ones later if time remains.

*** TIME: 40 MINUTES ***

DO NOT OPEN TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO!

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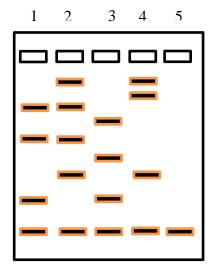
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WYSE – Academic Challenge Biology Test (Sectional) – 2014

- 1. RFLP stands for _____.
 - a. Reading Frame Light Program
 - b. Restrictive Fragment Light Program
 - c. Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism
 - d. Real Fast Light Pigments
 - e. None of the above are correct.
- 2. Which of the following is true?
 - a. Hemoglobin transports oxygen in white blood cells.
 - b. Hemoglobin does not have a stronger affinity for carbon monoxide than oxygen.
 - c. Erythropoietin is secreted by the kidneys in response to a decrease in oxygen levels.
 - d. Hemostasis is not an important process.
 - e. Both b and c are true.
- 3. Which of the following statements is **not** true?
 - a. T cells and B cells are also known as lymphocytes.
 - b. Neutrophils are the most numerous of white blood cells.
 - c. Basophils do not increase in number during allergic reactions.
 - d. Eosinophils decrease in number during allergic reactions.
 - e. Both c and d are not true.
- 4. Which of the following statements is false?
 - a. While using the light microscope, as one increases magnification, then the object will be seen in greater detail.
 - b. If the eyepiece is 10X and the objective lens is 40X, total magnification would be 400 times the specimen's original size.
 - c. When using the microscope, as you increase magnification, the depth of focus increases.
 - d. It is easiest to locate specimens using the lowest magnification of a microscope.
 - e. Both c and d are false.
- 5. The trees, rocks, shrubs, and animals within an area would comprise a/an?
 - a. Community
 - b. Population
 - c. Ecosystem
 - d. Species
 - e. Genus
- 6. Which of the following is laboratory equipment that is used for loading samples into wells for gel electrophoresis?
 - a. Vortex
 - b. Thermocycler
 - c. Epindorf tubes
 - d. 1XTBE
 - e. Pipet

7. Using the figure of the gel below, determine who the child's father is. Sample one is mom's DNA, sample 2 is the child's DNA, sample 3 is possible father one's DNA, sample 4 is possible father two's DNA, and sample 5 is a dye marker molecule.



Select the DNA sample that represents the father of the child in this experiment.

- a. Sample 1
- b. Sample 2
- c. Sample 3
- d. Sample 4
- e. Not enough information is provided to answer the question.
- 8. Cow birds put their eggs into another species nest. The cow birds are larger than the other birds that hatch. This is referred to as _____.
 - a. commensalism
 - b. predation
 - c. mutualism
 - d. social parasitism
 - e. decomposition
- 9. Match the events in **Column A** with the osmotic pressures in **Column B**.

Column A

- 1. cells shrink
- 2. cells remain the same
- 3. cells swell
- 4. more solute outside the cell than inside
- 5. cell may burst

Select the correct matching sequence.

a.	1-c	2-a,b	3-a	4-c	5-a
b.	1-a	2-c	3-c	4-a	5-b
C.	1-b	2-a	3-c	4-b	5-c
Ч	1-0	2-a	3-h	4-h	5-h

e. None of the above

Column B

- a. isotonic
- b. hypertonic
- c. hypotonic

10. Match the organelle in Column A with the most appropriate processes from Column B. Column A Column B 1. Endoplasmic reticulum a. synthesis 2. Mitochondrion b. packaging 3. Lysosomes c. instructions 4. Golgi apparatus d. transport 5. Nucleus e. recycle 6. Ribosomes Select the correct matching sequence. a. 1-a,d 2-a 3-е 4-d 5-c 6-a b. 1-b 2-c 3-a 4-d 5-c 6-е c. 1-a,d 2-a 3-a 4-b 5-c d. 1-a,d 2-a 3-e 4-b,d 5-c e. 1-a,b 2-a 3-a 4-d 5-c 6-b 6-a 6-е 11. A person with Trisomy 21 would have which of the following? a. 45 chromosomes b. Downs syndrome c. an extra 21st chromosome d. both b and c e. all the above 12. C₄ plants use ____ cell(s) for photosynthesis. a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4 e. 5 13. Allele frequencies remain the same if _____. a. Hardy-Weinberg conditions are met b. natural selection occurs c. artificial selection occurs d. genetic drift occurs e. All of the above are correct. 14. Wild type fruit flies have red eyes and white eyes are X-linked. If a white eyed female and a white eyed male mated their offspring would have _____.

a. red and white eyed male offspringb. red and white eyed female offspring

d. All the above choices are correct.e. None of the above choices are correct.

c. white eyed male offspring

15.	RNA polymeras a. enhance b. downstream c. promoter d. operon e. intron		ne region			
16.	Which animal is a. hydra – nem b. lamprey – no c. sponges – s d. earthworms e. sharks – sw	natocysts otochord picules – setae	to the structure	e it possesses?		
17.	Match the description Column B		olumn A with	the most appropria	ate tr	ansport mechanism
	Column A				Co	olumn B
	 molecules m osmosis Na⁺/K⁺ pum molecules m 	р	·			active passive
	Select the corr	ect matching	sequence.			
	a. 1-bb. 1-bc. 1-ad. 1-ae. None of the	2-b	3-a 3-a 3-b 3-a	4-b 4-a 4-b 4-b		
18.	Carpal is to	_, as stamen i	s to			
	a. pollen; ovuleb. ovule; pollerc. sterile; fertiled. peduncle; pee. petal; pedur	n e etal				
19.	Peptide bonds j	oin				
	a. amino acidsb. monosacchac. nucleotidesd. glycerol ande. phosphates	arides fatty acids	3			
20.	Nitrogen has an a. 2 b. 3 c. 5 d. 6 e. 7	atomic numbe	er of 7. Nitroge	en has valend	ce sł	nell electrons.

21. Place the researchers in **Column A** with the appropriate topic of study from **Column B**.

Column A

Column B

- 1. Rudolf Virchow
- 2. Carlolus Linnaeus
- 3. Robert Whittaker
- 4. Barbara McClintock
- 5. Gregor Mendel
- 6. Thomas Morgan
- 7. Robert Hooke
- 8. Schleiden and Schwann

- a. taxonomyb. genetics
- c. cells

Select the correct matching sequence.

a.	1-c	2-a	3-a	4-b	5-b	6-b	7-c	8-c
b.	1-b	2-a	3-c	4-a	5-c	6-b	7-a	8-b
C.	1-a	2-b	3-b	4-c	5-a	6-c	7-b	8-a
d.	1-a	2-c	3-a	4-c	5-b	6-a	7-c	8-c
e.	1-c	2-c	3-b	4-b	5-c	6-c	7-a	8-b

- 22. Mushrooms, truffles, and mold have all the following characteristics except _____.
 - a. chitin
 - b. reproductive spores
 - c. cell walls
 - d. hyphae
 - e. autotroph
- 23. Which of the following is **not** produced during glycolysis?
 - a. pyruvate
 - b. NADH
 - c. ATP
 - d. CO₂
 - e. All of the above chemicals are produced during glycolysis.
- 24. Match the animals in Column A with the class they belong to in Column B.

Column A

Column B

	planaria	a. Cephalopoda
2.	leech	b. Asteroidea
	squid	c. Bivalvia
4.	sea star	d. Turbellaria
5.	clam	e. Hirudinea

Select the correct matching sequence.

a.	1 – e	2 - d	3 – a	4 - b	5 – c
b.	1 – d	2 – e	3 - c	4 – b	5 – a
C.	1 – d	2 – a	3 – e	4 - c	5 - b
d.	1 – b	2 – e	3 – a	4 – d	5 - c
e.	1 – d	2 – e	3 – a	4 – b	5 – c

25.	The layer of the leaf is where most photosynthesis takes place. a. mesophyll
	b. epidermis
	c. cuticle
	d. stomata e. bundle sheath
26.	Which of the following statements is not true?
	 a. Depolarization occurs as an action potential travels along a nerve fiber. b. At rest, a nerve fiber is said to be polarized by the sodium potassium pump. c. The junction or point at which an impulse travels from one neuron to another is called the synapse. d. Neurotransmitters are not important at the synaptic cleft and usually have no impact on impulse conduction.
	e. A polarized nerve fiber has a negative resting potential.
27.	If a female has a karyotype that is missing an X chromosome, she would have?
	a. Only one X chromosome
	b. Turner's syndromec. A phenotypic appearance that may include a webbed neckd. Both a and b
	e. All of the above
28.	lay aggs incide organisms such as insects. After the eggs batch, the larve cats its way out of
20.	lay eggs inside organisms such as insects. After the eggs hatch, the larva eats its way out of the organism.
	a. Predators
	b. Parasitesc. Decomposers
	d. Parasitoids
	e. Omnivores
29.	Which of the following is not a polysaccharide?
	a. cellulose
	b. starch
	c. chitin d. glycogen
	e. sucrose
30.	Ribulose bisphosphate oxidase carboxylase is an enzyme that is important for
	a. the electron transport chain
	b. the Calvin-Benson cyclec. the light-dependent cycle
	d. chemiosmosis
	e. the citric acid cycle
31.	Which of the following is not a correct association?
	a. mushroom – saprobeb. <i>Plasmodium</i> – parasite
	c. raccoon – omnivore
	d. wolf – carnivore

e. algae – primary consumer

32.	If an element has 1 valence shell electron, how many of these atoms would covalently bond with it if the other element has 5 valence shell electrons.
	a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4 e. 5
33.	The will protect bacteria from phagocytosis.
	 a. flagella b. pili c. cell wall d. endospore e. capsule
34.	The cuticle on the leaf
	 a. will help keep the plant from losing water b. provides photosynthetic tissue c. has vascular tissue running throughout d. allows for gas exchange to take place e. All the answers above are correct.
35.	If a drug disrupts translation, it will affect the
	 a. mitochondrion b. ribosome c. lysosome d. endoplasmic reticulum e. Golgi apparatus
36.	is a wistoms of a
	is a picture of a
	a. spirilla b. diplococci c. diplobacilli d. bacilli e. streptococci
37.	If there is one base change in DNA and it codes for a stop codon, this is called a mutation.
	a. frame shiftb. silentc. missensed. nonsensee. codon

38.		In snapdragons, red flowers crossed with white flowers produce pink flowers. This is an example of											
	b. c. d.	epistasis pleiotrophy codominar incomplete polygeneti	nce e dominanc										
39.	Ma	tch the anii	mals in Co	lumn A to t	he ord	der th	ey belong	to ir	n Col l	umn I	В.		
	Co	lumn A			Column B								
	2. 3. 4. 5.	rabbits mice monkey dolphin duck bill pi elephant	latypus		b. c. d. e.	Prob Lago							
				hing sequ									
	a. b. c. d. e.	1 – f 1 – f 1 – e 1 – e 1 – d	2-d 2-e 2-f 2-f 2-f	3 – a 3 – a 3 – a 3 – b 3 – a	4 - b 4 - b 4 - b 4 - a 4 - c))) 1	5 - e 5 - c 5 - c 5 - d 5 - b	6 - 6 - 6 -	- c - d - d - c - e				
40.	Re	dwood tree	s										
	b. c. d.	produce co produce so have rhizo are floweri are biennia	ori mes ng plants	production									
41.	Ch	emiosmosi	s takes pla	ce when _	•								
	b. c. d.	PEP carbo carbon dic lactic acid	oxylase is a exide is rele is produce	eased			brane						
42.	Wł	nich functio	nal group is	s not match	ned co	rrectl	y?						
	b. c. d.	CH_3 – met COOH – k SH – sulfh OH – alco NH_2 – ami	etone ydryl hol										
43.	Wł	nich is not f	ound in the	human pa	ncrea	s?							

a. alpha cellsb. beta cellsc. delta cells

d. parietal cellse. Islets of Langerhans

44.	4. rRNA, mRNA, and tRNA are all involved in							
	 a. transcription b. translation c. replication d. reverse transcription e. splicing introns 							
45.	Gene linkage changes during							
	 a. Prophase I b. Metaphase I c. Anaphase II d. Telophase II e. Interkinesis 							
46.	Which of the following would represent a test cross?							
	 a. TtRr x TtRr b. TtRr x ttrr c. TTRR x ttrr d. TTrr x ttRR e. Both b and c 							
47.	Which would be a derived trait for Class Aves?							
	 a. amniotic egg b. vertebral column c. scales d. feathers e. All of the above are derived traits. 							
48.	If a pair of frogs survives and starts to repopulate an area, this is referred to as							
	 a. founder effect b. artificial selection c. bottle neck d. stabilizing selection e. All of the above are correct. 							
49.	A is unique because it has one end that is hydrophilic and the other end that is hydrophobic.							
	 a. phospholipid b. starch c. steroid d. wax e. dipeptide 							
50.	The waterproof bands that run around the endodermal cells in plant roots are							
	a. root hairsb. Casparian stripsc. root capsd. xyleme. phloem							