

2017 Academic Challenge

BIOLOGY TEST – STATE

- This Test Consists of 50 Questions -

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GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Please read the following instructions carefully. This is a timed test; any instructions from the test supervisor should be followed promptly.

The test supervisor will give instructions for filling in any necessary information on the answer sheet. Most Academic Challenge sites will ask you to indicate your answer to each question by marking an oval that corresponds to the correct answer for that question. One oval should be marked to answer each question. Multiple ovals will automatically be graded as an incorrect answer.

Be sure ovals are marked as \bullet , not \bullet , \bigcirc , \bigcirc , etc.

If you wish to change an answer, erase your first mark completely before marking your new choice.

You are advised to use your time effectively and to work as rapidly as you can without losing accuracy. Do not waste your time on questions that seem too difficult for you. Go on to the other questions, and then come back to the difficult ones later if time remains.

*** Time: 40 Minutes ***

DO NOT OPEN TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO!

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WYSE – Academic Challenge Biology Test (State) – 2017

- 1. A cluster of flowers is known as _____.
 - a. inflorescence
 - b. a whorled arrangement
 - c. a pistillate flower
 - d. a staminate flower
 - e. carpellate
- 2. Which of the following is **not** correct?
 - a. Isotopes decay over a period of days, months, or years.
 - b. Isotopes are the same atom, but contain a different number of protons.
 - c. The atomic weight of isotopes vary.
 - d. Isomers will have the same number of atoms in their molecular formula.
 - e. Glucose, amino acids, and nucleotides are monomers.
- 3. Which of the following is not a rotator cuff muscle?
 - a. teres minor
 - b. infraspinatus
 - c. supraspinatus
 - d. latissimus dorsi
 - e. subcapularis
- 4. Which of the following is **not** correct?
 - a. Yeast cells produce alcohol under anaerobic conditions.
 - b. Fermentation products vary depending on the organism.
 - c. Albumin is an important carbohydrate in human cells.
 - d. Beta oxidation is associated with the catabolism of triglycerides.
 - e. Deamination is associated with the digestion of proteins.
- 5. The wavelength or light absorption of Photosystem II is _____ nm, and Photosystem I is
 - ____ nm.
 - a. 680; 700
 - b. 700; 680
 - c. 770; 680
 - d. 680; 770
 - e. 660; 700
- 6. Which is **not** a correct association?
 - a. Class Aves pneumatic bones
 - b. Class Myxini jawless
 - c. Class Actinopterygii males with claspers
 - d. Class Chondrichthyes placoid scales
 - e. Class Repiltia first class with amniotic egg

- 7. Which of the following is **not** a product of the citric acid cycle?
 - a. NADH
 - b. $FADH_2$
 - c. ATP
 - d. CO_2
 - e. Pyruvate
- 8. Which genetic disorder is not correctly matched with its mode of expression?
 - a. Duchene muscular dystrophy X-linked
 - b. Hemophilia A X-linked
 - c. Huntington disease recessive disorder
 - d. Tay-Sachs disease recessive disorder
 - e. Marfan syndrome dominant disorder
- 9. Which immunoglobulin can be transferred from mother to fetus through the placenta?

Column B

- a. IgA
- b. LgD
- c. IgE
- d. IgG
- e. IgM

Column A

10. Match the protist groups in **Column A** with their examples in **Column B**.

 Excavate Chromal Rhizaria Archaep Unikonts 	es veolates ns lastids	a. ; b. ; c. , d. e. ;	water mold actinopods <i>Amoeba Euglena</i> green algae	
a. 1 – d	2 – a	3 – b	4 – e	5 – c
b. 1 – b	2 – c	3 – d	4 – a	5 – e
c. 1 – e	2 – b	3 – a	4 – c	5 – d
d. 1 – a	2 – c	3 – b	4 – e	5 – d
e. 1 – b	2 – d	3 – a	4 – e	5 – c

11. Starting out with 10 DNA segments, how many would there be after 10 PRC cycles?

- a. 100
- b. 640
- c. 1280
- d. 5120
- e. 10,240

- 12. Which of the following is **not** considered a lipid?
 - a. steroid
 - b. wax
 - c. triglyceride
 - d. cortisol
 - e. collagen

13. Which vitamin is produced in human skin?

- a. Vitamin A
- b. Vitamin C
- c. Vitamin D
- d. Vitamin E
- e. All of the above are vitamins produced by human skin.

14. Which is not associated with chromatin material?

- a. RNA
- b. DNA
- c. Histone proteins
- d. Nucleosomes
- e. Microtubules
- 15. Match the plant in **Column A** with the type of photoperiodism in **Column B** they possess.

Column A		Column B	
 Chrysanthemum Black-eyed Susan <i>Coleus</i> Sunflowers 		a. Day – neutral plants b. Intermediate – day c. Short – day plants d. Long – day plants	
a. 1 – c	2 – d	3 – b	4 – a
b. 1 – c	2 – d	3 – a	4 – b
c. 1 – a	2 – c	3 – d	4 – c
d. 1 – b	2 – a	3 – c	4 – d
e. 1 – d	2 – b	3 – a	4 – c

16. An inducible gene such as in the lactose operon _____.

- a. is controlled by a repressor protein
- b. is usually actively being transcribed
- c. usually codes for anabolic reactions
- d. has a corepressor/repressor system
- e. codes for the same number of enzymes as in the tryptophan operon

17. A part of a chromosome may attach to another, this is called _____.

- a. nondisjunction
- b. deletion
- c. translocation
- d. duplication
- e. None of the above are correct.
- 18. Using the Hardy Weinberg Principle, predict the number of individuals in a population of 1000, who are heterozygous for a trait given the frequency of the recessive allele is 0.4.
 - a. 160
 - b. 240
 - c. 360
 - d. 480
 - e. 600

19. Match the scientists in **Column A** with their discoveries in **Column B**.

Column A

Column B

 Jacob and N Kary Mullis Peter Mitchet Barbara Mc 	Monod ell Clintock	a. chemiosmosis b. operon c. transposon d. PCR	
a. 1 – d	2 – b	3 – a	4 – c
b. 1 – b	2 – d	3 – c	4 – a
c. 1 – b	2 – d	3 – a	4 – c
d. 1 – a	2 – c	3 – b	4 – d
e. 1 – d	2 – a	3 – c	4 – b

20. Exotoxins are _____.

- a. produced by all pathogens
- b. secreted by bacteria or leak out of the bacteria
- c. produced in the cell wall
- d. not destroyed by heat
- e. None of the above are correct.

21. Which is not a deuterostome?

- a. sea cucumber
- b. sea urchin
- c. brittle star
- d. sea anemone
- e. shark

- 22. In order for seeds to germinate, _____.
 - a. ATP must be produced
 - b. the seed must absorb water
 - c. the amount of light and dark exposure must be equal
 - d. Both a and b are correct.
 - e. Both a and c are correct.

23. _____ is the geographic area where animals can be found, while _____ is the area the animals will defend.

- a. Territory; home range
- b. Territory; nest
- c. Home range; territory
- d. Nest; home range
- e. Pack; territory

24. Match the protein synthesis terms in Column A with their function in Column B.

Col	umn	Α

Column B

- Release factor
 Molecular chaperone
 Initiation
 Enzyme that covalently bonds amino acids to tRNA
- 3. Initiation
- 4. Peptidyl transferase
- 5. Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase
- c. Protein that recognizes the stop codon
- d. Ribosome protein that helps fold the polypeptide
- e. Enzyme needed for peptide bond formation

2 – a	3 – d	4 – b	5 – c
2 – b	3 – a	4 – e	5 – d
2 – d	3 – a	4 – b	5 – e
2 – d	3 – a	4 – e	5 – b
2 – c	3 – d	4 – e	5 – b
	2 – a 2 – b 2 – d 2 – d 2 – d 2 – c	2-a 3-d 2-b 3-a 2-d 3-a 2-d 3-a 2-c 3-d	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

- 25. Which is **not** an example of a reduction reaction?
 - a. NAD⁺ → NADH
 - b. NADP⁺ → NADPH
 - c. Glucose \rightarrow CO₂
 - d. $O_2 \rightarrow H_2O$
 - e. All are examples of reduction reactions.
- 26. In an experiment, if there is 10% glucose inside a cell and 80% glucose outside the cell. Which of the following statements would be true?
 - a. Water will move out of the cell.
 - b. Water will move to the inside of the cell.
 - c. There will be no net movement of water.
 - d. Glucose will move out of the cell.
 - e. There is no net movement of glucose.

- 27. What is the probability of getting the following gamete PtRG, from the genotype PpTtRrGg?
 - a. 1/4
 - b. 1/2
 - c. 1/8
 - d. 1/16
 - e. 1/32

28. Apoptosis _____.

- a. can occur when cytochrome c activates caspase
- b. is important during the development of tadpoles to frogs
- c. is a cause for tumor formation
- d. is uncontrollable cell death
- e. Both a and b are correct.

29. Ocelli detect light in _____.

- a. lamprey
- b. flatworm
- c. frogs
- d. earthworms
- e. sea cucumber

30. Which is a greenhouse gas?

- a. Methane CH₄
- b. Carbon dioxide CO₂
- c. Nitrous oxide N_2O
- d. Ozone O₃
- e. All of the above are greenhouse gases.
- 31. An example of genomic imprinting is _____, which is caused by a deletion on chromosome 15 inherited from the father.
 - a. Angelman syndrome (AS)
 - b. Prader-Willi syndrome (PWS)
 - c. Down syndrome
 - d. Turner syndrome
 - e. Martin-Bell syndrome
- 32. A/an _____ would study animal behavior.
 - a. pathologist
 - b. ethologist
 - c. etiologist
 - d. pharmacist
 - e. entomologist

33. An experiment was performed to determine the rate it will take to digest a 10% starch solution using a 1% amylase solution. Given the following data, determine an independent variable.

Temperature	Time of digestion in minutes
25° C	3 minutes
37° C	1 minute
85° C	Never digested

- a. the time in minutes to digest starch
- b. the concentration of starch
- c. the temperature of each test
- d. the concentration of amylase
- e. All of the above are true.
- 34. ____ synthesis is to smooth endoplasmic reticulum, as, ____ synthesis is to rough endoplasmic reticulum.
 - a. Protein; ATP
 - b. Protein; lipid
 - c. Lipid; ATP
 - d. Lipid; protein
 - e. None of the above.
- 35. In the human body there are _____ cervical vertebrae, _____ thoracic vertebrae, and _____ lumbar vertebrae.
 - a. 6: 7: 3
 - b. 7: 7: 5
 - c. 7: 10: 5
 - d. 7: 12: 5
 - e. None of the above are correct.
- 36. _____ is to chloroplast, as, _____ is to mitochondrion.
 - a. Stroma; matrix
 - b. Stomata; cristae
 - c. Matrix; cristae
 - d. Cristae; stroma
 - e. None of the above are true.
- 37. Which of the following statements is/are true?
 - a. Vacuoles can provide storage of molecules in plant cells.
 - b. Cytoplasmic streaming may be observed while viewing plant cells.
 - c. The T₄ bacteriophage uses bacterial cells in order to reproduce.
 - d. Plants produce ATP through aerobic cellular respiration.
 - e. All of the above are correct.

- 38. Which of the following statements is **not** true?
 - a. DNA duplication and cytokinesis occur during the G stage of the cell cycle.
 - b. At the end of oogenesis, one egg is produced.
 - c. RNA transports genetic material and DNA stores genetic material.
 - d. Exocytosis and endocytosis both require ATP.
 - e. Interkinesis occurs between Meiosis I and Meiosis II.
- 39. Which of the following statements is true?
 - a. Macrophages are phagocytic cells.
 - b. Heparin promotes inflammation and allergic responses.
 - c. Cytotoxic T cells are formed from B lymphocytes.
 - d. Surfactant is secreted by the ventricles of the human brain.
 - e. All of the above are correct.
- 40. The protein coat of a virus is called a/an _____.
 - a. envelope
 - b. capsule
 - c. capsid
 - d. endospore
 - e. cyst
- 41. Which statement is **not** true?
 - a. Cholesterol is a steroid.
 - b. Phosphodiester linkages are found in DNA.
 - c. Hemoglobin has four polypeptide chains.
 - d. Collagen has two polypeptide chains.
 - e. Chitin is made up of many N-acetylglucosamine molecules.
- 42. Which does not apply to Phylum Glomeromycota?
 - a. symbionts
 - b. mycorrhizae
 - c. coenocytic hyphae
 - d. produce zygospores
 - e. produce asexual blastopores
- 43. Which is **not** a correct association?
 - a. monosaccharide ribose
 - b. protein carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, sometimes sulfur
 - c. carotenoids isoprene units
 - d. nucleic acids pentose phosphate backbone
 - e. lipids all have fatty acids

- 44. Lysogenic conversion is responsible for _____.
 - a. Diphtheria
 - b. Botulism
 - c. Chicken pox
 - d. Both a and b are correct.
 - e. Both b and c are correct.

45. Which is **not** a correct association?

- a. carrots biennial
- b. marigold annual
- c. rhubarb perennial
- d. cabbage annual
- e. asparagus perennial

46. The light-dependent reactions requires _____.

- a. Ribulose bisphosphate
- b. Carbon dioxide
- c. Adenosine triphosphate
- d. Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate
- e. All of the above are required for carbon fixation.
- 47. Which of the following is/are amphipathic?
 - a. phospholipids
 - b. integral membrane proteins
 - c. steroids
 - d. cellulose
 - e. Both a and b are amphipathic.
- 48. Which statement is true?
 - a. Metaphase occurs after Anaphase during mitosis.
 - b. Lipids are non polar molecules associate with the plasma membrane.
 - c. Adding a buffer to a solution, will help lower the pH.
 - d. Unlike the endoplasmic reticulum, the nucleolus is not responsible for ribosomal subunits.
 - e. All of the above are true.
- 49. The main type of cell surface receptors are _____.
 - a. hormones and enzyme linked receptors
 - b. enzyme linked receptors, G protein linked receptors, and ion channel linked receptors
 - c. neurotransmitters and cAMP
 - d. cAMP, hormones, and ion channel linked receptors
 - e. None of the above are cell surface receptors.

- 50. If a population is decimated by disease leaving only a few alive to repopulate, this would be an example of _____.
 - a. founder effect
 - b. macroevolution
 - c. genetic bottleneck
 - d. gene flow
 - e. mutation